Trade-offs in Leveraging External Data Capabilities: Evidence from a Field Experiment in a Search Market

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External Data as a Lever for Product Growth?

- Practitioners highlight the need to use external data:
 - 92% of analytics professionals said their firms need to increase the use of external data (Forrester 2017)
 - Firms may gain an edge by incorporating external data to build their data ecosystems (Deloitte Insights 2019; McKinsey 2021)
 - Data sharing through large players' application programing interfaces (APIs) is increasingly common (Fatemi 2019): e.g., Google search API for publishers and developers

- Despite its economic relevance, it is challenging to pin down its causal impact
 - Firms may self-select into API adoption (Benzell, Hersh, and Van Alstyne 2022).



New Regulations

What the European DSA and DMA proposals mean for online platforms

January 14, 2021 | Aline Blankertz and Julian Jaursch



European Commissioner for a Europe Fit for the Digital Age Margrethe Vestager and European Internal Market Commissioner Thierry Breton attend the presentation of the European Commission's data/digital strategy in Brussels, Belgium February 19, 2020. REUTERS/Yves

The Digital Markets Act imposes obligations on "gatekeepers":

• Provide to any third-party providers of online search engines with access to ranking, query, click, and view (deidentified) data generated by end users (Article 6.11).

The latest guidelines published by the State Council in China proposes a 20-point agenda around the data economy:

• data sharing to enable growth of small and medium sized companies. Sharing should not compromise personal information or "public interest".



Questions and Overview of Results

- 1. What is the causal impact of access to the **market leader's data** on the **focal** company's product performance?
 - Removing access to market leader's data leads to a 4.6% decrease in CTR.
 - Downstream Elasticity of 0.12-0.18 (Search Engine Results Page)
- 2. Does the effect vary across **types of content**?
 - Only popular content affected.
- 3. Impact in the **short term vs. longer term**?
 - Average effect is much smaller than short-run decline in performance.
 - Using the API can impede improved prediction due to internal data.



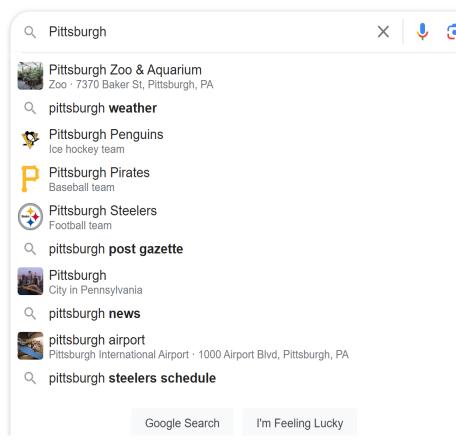
Empirical Context

- Partnership with a leading Chinese technology company
 - Millions of monthly active users
- An app with hybrid functions:
 - News feed, video and eBooks streaming, search engine, file management
- Our focus: search suggestion, a product developed by the company in 2020.
 - A start-up like team within a larger company.
 - A new product embedded within a "super-app".



Economic Relevance





- An early application of generative AI models. (Serban et al. 2016)
- Bridge the gap between users' intent and content consumption (Agrawal, Gans, and Goldfarb 2018)
- Clicks imply revenue (sponsored words)
- Hence, our outcomes of interest:
 - (a) Click-through rate (CTR = Clicks / Exposures) (also probability of click, total number of clicks)
 - (b) Downstream: Top Slot Clicks on Search Results Page (SERP)

Google



coffee Search Q "autocomplete_results_state": "Showing completion results." Gmail Images Sign in Tools "suggestions": ["value": "coffee near me", "type": "QUERY", Google "serpapi_link": "https://serpapi.com/search.json?engine=google_autocomplete&q=coffee+near+me" Q coffee × 🌷 "value": "coffee holliston", Q coffee near me Q coffee holliston "type": "QUERY", Q coffee framingham "serpapi link": "https://serpapi.com/search.json?engine=google_autocomplete&q=coffee+holliston" Q coffee shops near me }, coffee nearby Q coffee table "value": "coffee framingham", Q coffee break "relevance": 600, Q coffee maker "type": "QUERY", Google Search I'm Feeling Lucky "serpapi link": "https://serpapi.com/search.json?engine=google autocomplete&q=coffee+framingham" Report inappropriate predictions }, "value": "coffee shops near me", "relevance": 554, "type": "QUERY", "serpapi link": "https://serpapi.com/search.json?engine=google_autocomplete&q=coffee+shops+near+me"

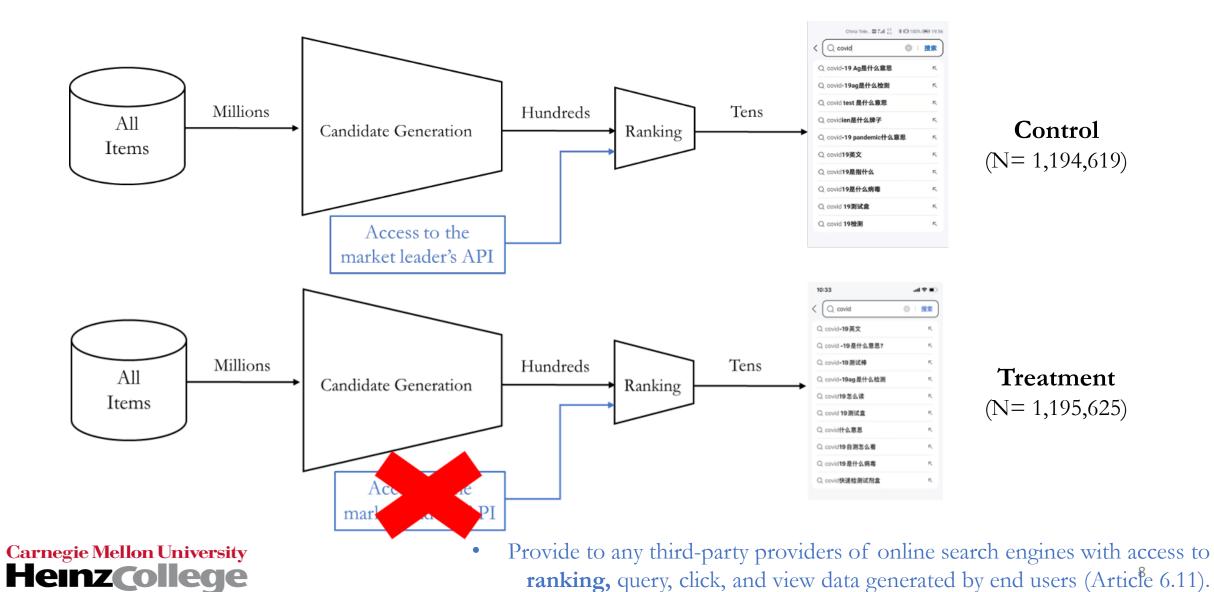
"value": "coffee nearby",

"serpapi_link": "https://serpapi.com/search.json?engine=google_autocomplete&q=coffee+nearby"

"type": "QUERY",



Between-Subject (3.5 Month Long) Field Experiment



Baseline Results

	(1)	(2)
VARIABLES	Lift CTR	Lift CTR
API Removal	-0.0462*** (0.001)	-0.0539*** (0.0013)
Controls	N	Y
Observations	2,390,244	1,932,886

• Back of the envelope (including SERP) suggests this is economically meaningful.



Impact on Types of Content: Popular vs. Niche

	(1)	(2)
Variables	Lift in CTR	Lift in CTR
	(Popular)	(Niche)
API Removal	-0.0134***	0.0021
	(0.0017)	(0.0050)
Observations	764,119	764,119

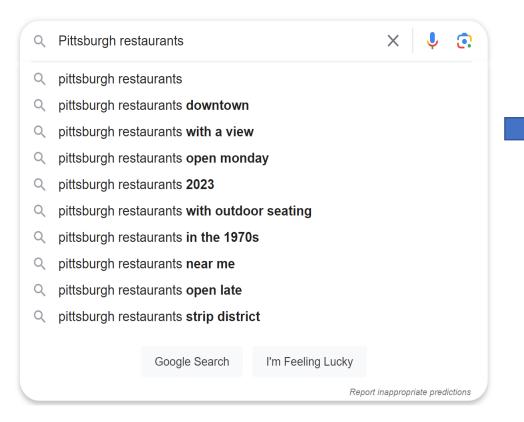
^{*} p<0.1, ** p<0.05, *** p<0.01. Robust standard errors in parentheses.

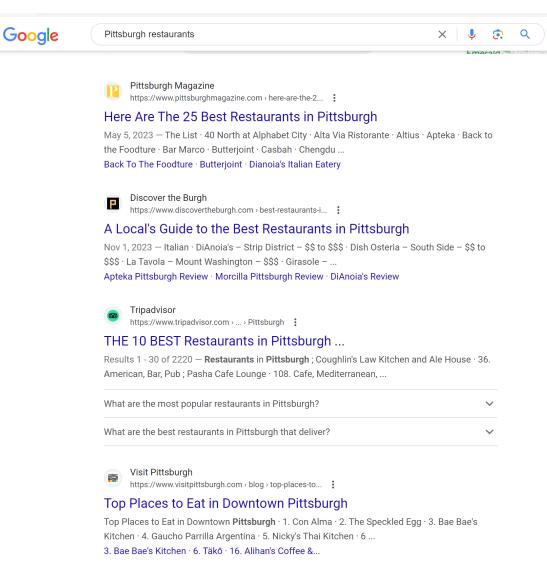
• Popular vs. niche: due to depersonalization, the long tail suffers.



Downstream Effects

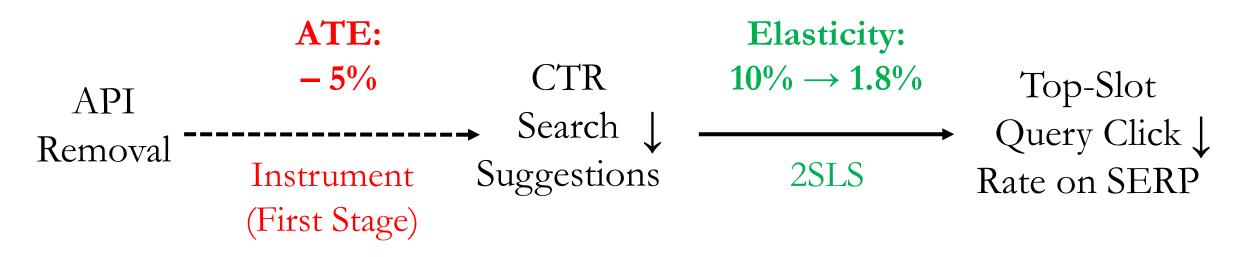








Implications for Search Engine Results Page (SERP)



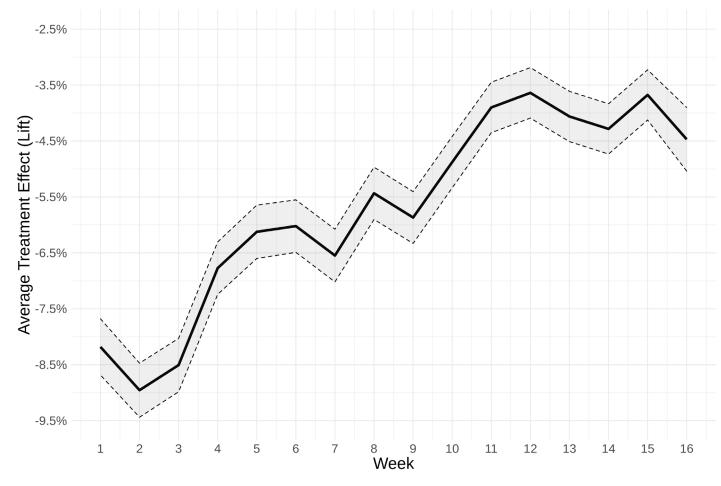
$$log(SERP_i) = \mu_1 + \mu_2 log(\widehat{SUGG_i}) + \vartheta_i$$

$$log(SUGG_i) = \gamma_0 + \beta \times APIRemoval_i + \epsilon_i$$

- Fang, Chen, Farronato, Yuan (2023): 3.2% in orders due to text based search aid.
- Burtch, Kwon, and Tong (2023): 1.2% increase in sales due to keyword recommender system.



Longer-Term Effects: CTR

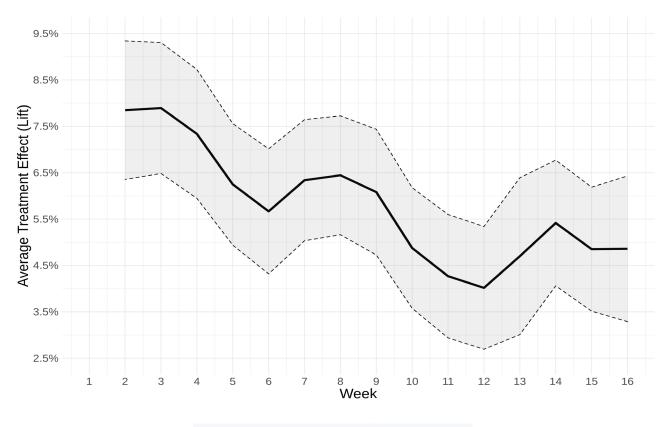


- Magnitude of the effect is half as large in longer run relative to first few weeks.
- We posit the role of improved prediction due to internal data.



Longer-Term Effects: Search Button Usage

(b) Search Button Usage







Ruling Out (Some) Alternative Explanations

No differential attrition across groups.

Lack of diminishing returns from external data.

■ Similar trends across new and old users (ruling out "behavioral" effects).



(Some) Suggestive Evidence for Learning Effects



Contextual Information: Learning from API Candidates?

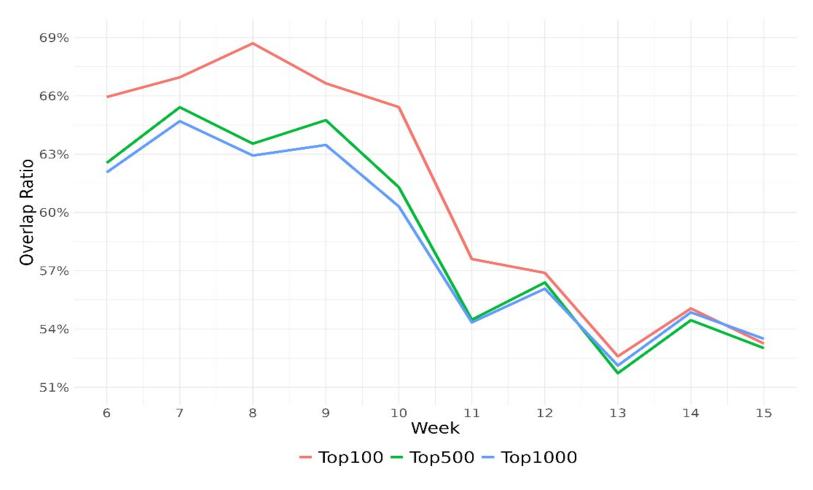
- All else equal, if the company's algorithmic system is learning from API candidates over time, the longer-term effect should become more negative.
- Lack of features of API candidates makes model training challenging (Duan and Lalor, 2023).
- Further, even if training is feasible, it can be legally prohibited. e.g., OpenAI API.



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Improved Prediction based on Internal Data?



- Suggestions in T become more different relative to C over time.
- Combined with increased CTR might suggest improved prediction based on internal data



Improved Prediction based on Internal Data? Within and Across-User Learning User-query-day data

	(1)	(2)	(3)
Variables	CTR	CTR	CTR
API Removal	-0.0030*** (0.0005)	-0.0171*** (0.0040)	-0.0044*** (0.0009)
API Removal \times Repeated Query		0.0145*** (0.0041)	
API Removal \times Query Histories			0.0004** (0.0002)
Unit of analysis	User-Query-Day	User-Query-Day	User-Query-Day
Query fixed effects	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Day fixed effects	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
R^2	0.2289	0.2289	0.2289
Observations	1,636,900	1,636,900	1,636,900

- Treatment effect is significantly smaller for repeat queries within and across individuals.
- Suggests learning in the treated group.



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Information Economics and Policy

Volume 65, December 2023, 101063



Complementarities in learning from data: Insights from general search *

Search Engines and Data Retention: Implications for Privacy and Antitrust

MIT Sloan Research Paper No. 5094-14

16 Pages • Posted: 25 May 2014 • Last revised: 25 Jun 2014

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There are 2 versions of this paper

Date Written: May 27, 2014

Related Work on the Value of Data

Focal Firm's Internal Data

Firms: e.g.,

• inform recommendations (e.g., Peukert, Sen, and Claussen 2023; Donnelly, Kanodia, and Morozov 2022; Sun et al. 2023)

Policy: e.g.,

• privacy and personal data regulation

External Public Data

Firms: e.g.,

- create opportunities for new entrants (Nagaraj 2021)
- encourage innovation (e.g., Furman, Nagler, and Watzinger 2021)

Policy: e.g.,

• Strengthen open data initiatives?

Third-party Data

Firms: e.g.,

- Off-platform cookie data (Wernerfelt et al. 2022)
- Government collection of AI data (Beraja et al. 2023)
- Value of market leader's data (?)

Policy: e.g.,

- Digital Markets Act
- Proposed regulations in China

